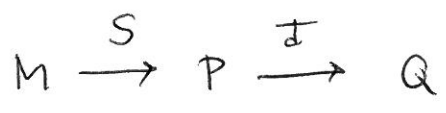


ben rishind, I July 16

M, Σ mouse pair



$$X(S, T) \longrightarrow W(S, T)$$

th. Σ has very strong hull condition
 (condition to weak hulls)

pf. idea: $\Phi: S^b \xrightarrow{\text{weak hull}} T$
 \uparrow by Σ

S by Σ , $c = \Sigma(S)$

NTS: $b = c$.

compare S^b, S^c . /

a pseudo hull embedding

$$\underline{\Phi}: S \longrightarrow T$$

$$m_\alpha^S \longrightarrow m_{u(\alpha)}^T$$

$$E_\alpha^S \longmapsto E_{u(\alpha)}^T$$

$$\Phi = (u, v, \{t_{\xi}^0\}_{\xi < \text{lh}(S)}, \{t_{\xi}^1\}_{\xi+1 < \text{lh}(S)})$$

(1) $v : \text{lh}(S) \rightarrow \text{lh}(T)$

$$v(\xi) = \sup \{u(\eta) + 1 : \eta < \xi\}$$

if $\eta \leq_S \xi$, then $v(\eta) \leq_T v(\xi)$.

$$v(\xi) \leq_T u(\xi).$$

(2) $t_{\xi}^0 : M_{\xi}^S \rightarrow M_{v(\xi)}^T$

the following diagram commutes

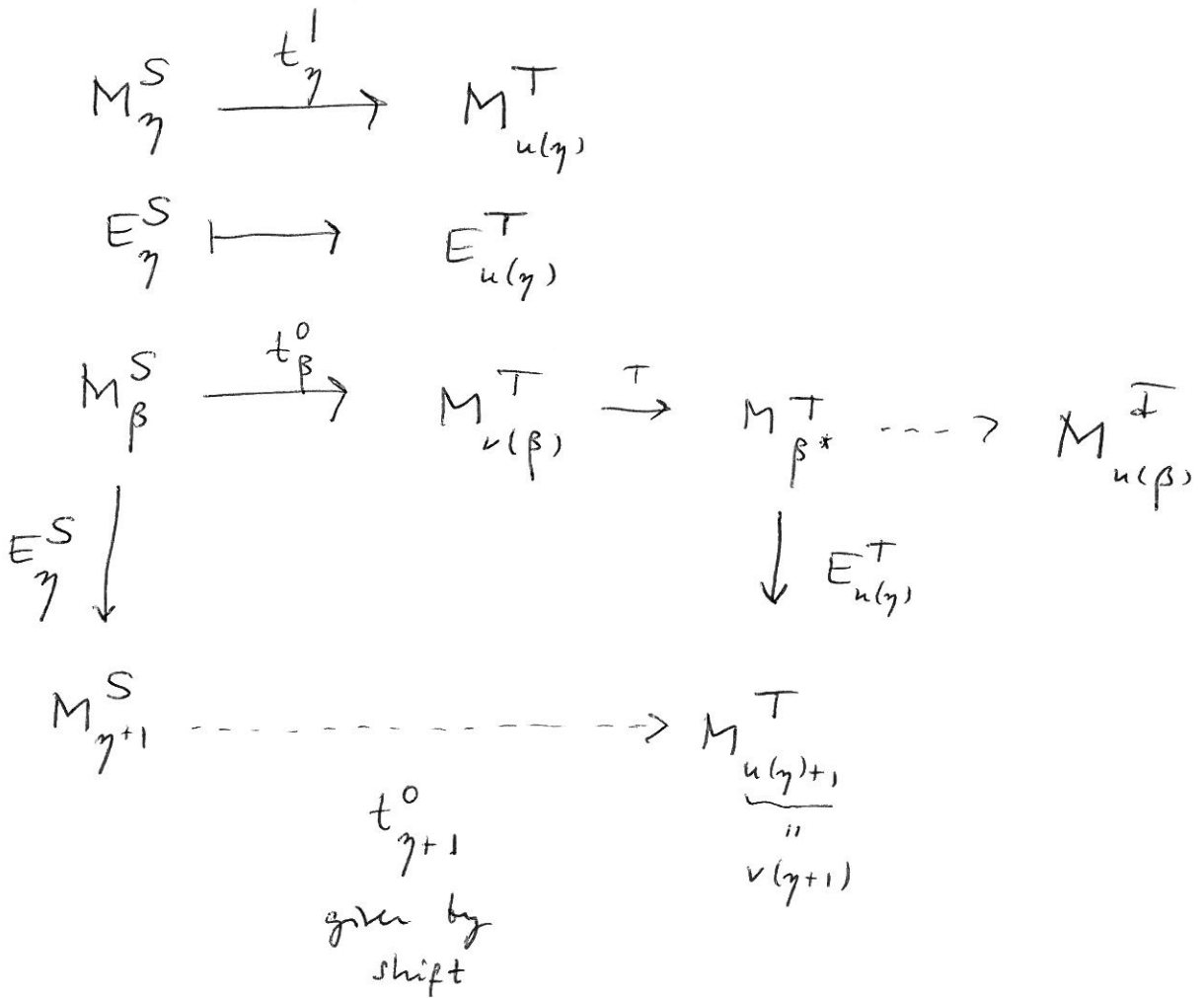
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \eta \leq_S \xi : & M_{\eta}^S & \xrightarrow{t_{\eta}^0} & M_{v(\eta)}^T \\ & \downarrow S & & \downarrow T \\ & M_{\xi}^S & \xrightarrow{t_{\xi}^0} & M_{v(\xi)}^T \end{array}$$

$$t_{\xi}^1 = \wedge_{v(\xi), u(\xi)}^T \circ t_{\xi}^0$$

$$E_{u(\xi)}^T = t_{\xi}^1(E_{\xi}^S); \quad \text{for } \eta > \xi, \quad t_{\eta}^0 \upharpoonright \text{lh}(E_{\xi}^S) + 1 = t_{\xi}^1 \upharpoonright \text{lh}(E_{\xi}^S) + 1.$$

(3) $\eta+1 < \text{lh}(S)$, $\beta = S\text{-pred}(\eta+1)$,

$$\beta^* = T\text{-pred}(u(\eta)+1), \text{ then } \beta^* \in [v(\beta), u(\beta)]_T.$$



$$\Phi^{W(S,T)} : S \rightarrow W(S,T)$$

one step embedding normalization

- $W(S, S', F)$
- $\Phi^{W(S, S', F)}$
- $\pi^{W(S, S', F)}$

S, S' are trees with last models,
 F on last model of S' .

let α least s.t. F is an $M_{\alpha}^{S'}$ -seq.

let β least s.t. $\beta = \alpha \vee \text{cut}(F) < \lambda(E_{\beta}^{S'})$.

supp. $S \upharpoonright \beta+1 = S' \upharpoonright \beta+1$,

$$\lambda(E_{\beta}^S) \geq \lambda(E_{\beta}^{S'}) .$$

case 1. (dropping case)

F is appl. to $\triangleleft M_{\beta}^S \mid \text{lh}(E_{\beta}^S)$

$$W = S' \upharpoonright \alpha+1 \hat{=} \langle F \rangle .$$

$$\Phi = \text{id} : S \upharpoonright \beta+1 \rightarrow W$$

case 2. (non-dropping) otherwise.

$$W = S' \upharpoonright \alpha+1 \hat{=} \langle F \rangle \hat{=} \underset{F}{i} M_{\beta}^S \parallel S \upharpoonright \text{cut}(F)$$

$$\Phi$$

$$u(\xi) = \begin{cases} \xi & \text{if } \xi < \beta \\ \alpha+1 + (\xi - \beta) & \text{if } \xi \geq \beta . \end{cases}$$

$$u : [\beta, \text{lh}(S-1)) \xrightarrow{\text{onto}} [\alpha+1, \text{lh}(W-1)) .$$

$$E_{u(\xi)}^W = t_{\xi}^{\prime} (E_{\xi}^S) .$$

$$M_{\beta}^S \xrightarrow{t_{\beta}^1} M_{\alpha+1}^W$$

$$t_{\beta}^1 = i_F^{MS}, \quad E_{\alpha+1}^W = i_F^{MS} (E_{\beta}^S)$$

$$t_{\beta+1}^0 = t_{\beta+1}^1$$

$$t_{\xi}^0 = \text{id} \quad \text{for } \xi \leq \beta.$$

def. $\vec{S} = (S_{\xi}, F_{\eta}, \Phi^{\vec{S}, \xi} : \eta+1, \xi < \text{lh}(\vec{S}), \xi \leq_{\vec{S}} \xi)$

is an m-tree (meta tree) iff

(0) $\text{lh}(\vec{S})$ is an ordinal

* $\leq_{\vec{S}}$ is a tree order on $\text{lh}(\vec{S})$

(1) for $\xi \leq_{\vec{S}} \eta \leq_{\vec{S}} \xi$,

(a) S_{ξ} is a normal tree on M in a least model

(b) if $\eta+1 < \text{lh}(\vec{S})$, F_{η} is on the seq. of least model of S_{η}

(c) $\Phi^{\eta, \xi} : S_{\eta} \rightarrow S_{\xi}$

(2) (normality)

for $\eta+1 < \text{lh}(\vec{S})$,

(a) for $\xi < \eta$ $\text{lh}(F_\xi) < \text{lh}(F_\eta)$

(b) for $\xi = \vec{S}\text{-pred}(\eta+1)$,

(i) ξ least s.t. $\text{crit}(F_\eta) < \lambda(F_\xi)$

(ii) $S_{\eta+1} = W(S_\xi, S_\eta, F_\eta)$

(iii) $\Phi^{\xi, \eta+1} = \Phi^{W(S_\xi, S_\eta, F_\eta)}$

drop def. \vec{S} drops at $\eta+1$ iff we're in the dropping case of $W(S_\xi, S_\eta, F_\eta)$.

(3) for $\lambda < \text{lh}(\vec{S})$, $b = [0, \lambda)_\vec{S}$,

$b < \lambda$ cofinal

$S_\lambda = \text{dir. lim} \{ S_\eta, \Phi^{\eta, \xi} : \eta \leq \xi \in b \}$.

$\vec{W}(S, T) = (W_\xi, F_\xi, \Phi^{\eta, \xi} : \eta \leq_T \xi)$

• $W_0 = S$

$\pi_\xi : M_\xi^T \rightarrow \text{least model } \eta$

• $F_\xi = \pi_\xi(E_\xi^T)$

W_ξ

• $\xi = T\text{-pred}(\eta+1) \Rightarrow \text{crit}(F_\eta) < \lambda(F_\xi)$.

$$W_{\eta+1} = W(W_{\xi}, W_{\eta}, F_{\xi}) .$$

analogies :

- models $M \leftrightarrow$ normal trees
- ultrapowers \leftrightarrow one step embedding
normalization
- iterated trees \leftrightarrow m-trees
- elementary embedding \rightarrow pseudo hull embedding

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m-tree.

$$\vec{S} = (S_\xi, F_\xi, \Phi^{\eta, \xi} : \eta \leq_S \xi)$$

example: $W(T, u)$.

T normal tree

$$\langle T \upharpoonright \xi + 1, E_\xi^T : \xi < \text{lh}(T) \rangle$$

$$\eta = T\text{-pred}(\xi + 1)$$

$$T \upharpoonright \xi + 2 = W(T \upharpoonright \eta + 1, T \upharpoonright \xi + 1, E_\xi^T) = T \upharpoonright \xi \hat{\ } E_\xi^T$$

models $M \longleftrightarrow$ trees S

ultrapowers by $F \longleftrightarrow$ one-step embeddings
norm $W(S, F)$

trees \longleftrightarrow m-trees

elementary embedding \longleftrightarrow pseudo hull embeddings

shift lemma.

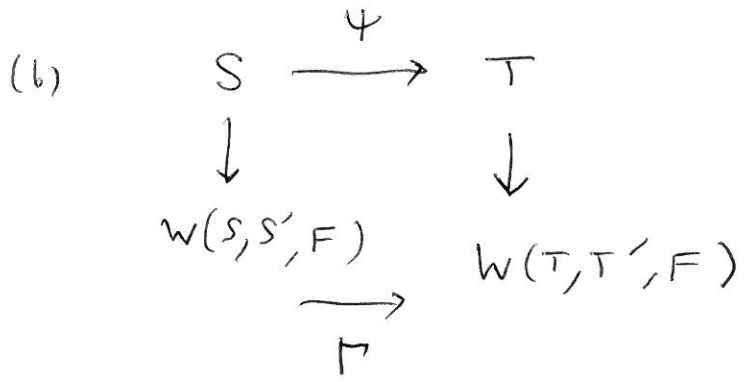
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Phi : S' & \longrightarrow & T' \\ & & F \longmapsto G \end{array}$$

there is a unique Γ

(M, Σ) a mouse pair

S, T, S', T'
by Σ .

(a)



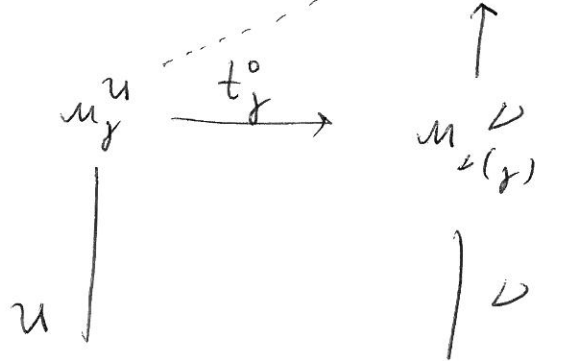
$$\Phi : u \rightarrow \nu \subset \nu^*$$

$$\text{ch}(u) = \gamma + 1,$$

$$\text{ch}(\nu) = \delta + 1 \rightarrow M_{\delta}^{\nu}$$

Φ is cofinal iff

$$\nu(\gamma) \leq_{\nu} \delta$$



in this case, we let

$$u(\gamma) = \delta \text{ and}$$

$$t'_{\gamma} = \hat{i}_{\nu(\gamma), u(\gamma)}^{\nu} \circ t_{\gamma}^0.$$

Let $\alpha =$ least s.t. F is in the $M_{\alpha}^{S'}$ -seq. F^*

$M_{\alpha^*}^{J'}$ -seq.

$\beta =$ least s.t. $\beta = \alpha$ or $\text{crit}(F) < \lambda(E_{\beta}^{S'})$
 β^* α^* F^* $E_{\beta^*}^{J'}$

Supp. $\Psi \uparrow \beta+1 = \Psi' \uparrow \beta+1$ (so $W(S, S', F) \text{ a.}$)

(mean: $S \uparrow \beta+1 = S' \uparrow \beta+1,$

$u \uparrow \beta = u' \uparrow \beta,$

$T \uparrow \beta = T' \uparrow \beta$)

$\Rightarrow t_{\xi}^0 = t_{\xi}^{\prime 0}, \xi \leq \beta$

$t_{\xi}^1 = t_{\xi}^{\prime 1}, \xi < \beta$

[notation: $\bar{\Psi} = (u, v, \langle t_{\xi}^0 \rangle, \langle t_{\xi}^1 \rangle)$
 $\bar{\Psi}' = (u', v', \langle t_{\xi}^{\prime 0} \rangle, \langle t_{\xi}^{\prime 1} \rangle)$]

Supp. also $T \uparrow \beta^*+1 = T' \uparrow \beta+1$.

$\lambda(E_{\beta}^S) \geq \lambda(E_{\beta}^{S'})$.

then (1) (a) $\alpha^* \in [v'(\alpha), u'(\alpha)]_T$,

(b) $\beta^* \in [v(\beta), u(\beta)]_T$,

(c) $W(\bar{\Psi}, \bar{\Psi}', F^*)$ exists.

[more notation: $\bar{\Phi} = \bar{\Phi}^{W(S, S', F)} = (\bar{u}, \bar{v}, \langle \bar{t}_{\xi}^0 \rangle, \langle \bar{t}_{\xi}^1 \rangle)$.

$\bar{\Phi}^* = \bar{\Phi}^{W(T, T', F^*)} = (\bar{u}^*, \bar{v}^*, \langle \bar{t}_{\xi}^{\prime 0} \rangle, \langle \bar{t}_{\xi}^{\prime 1} \rangle)$.]

$\bar{W} = W(S, S', F), \bar{W}^* = W(T, T', F^*)$

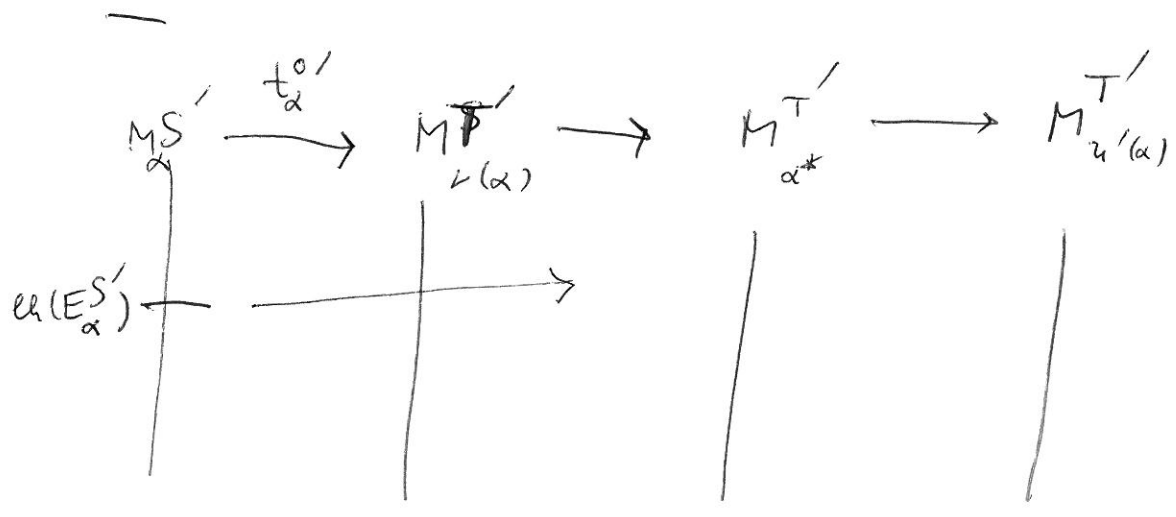
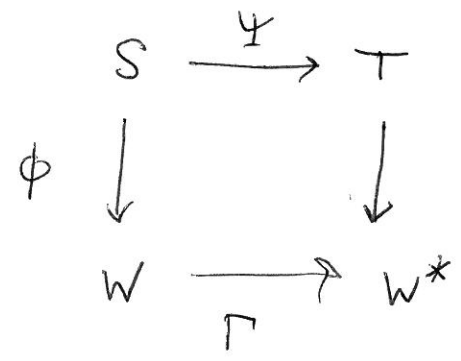
(2) there is a unique capital Γ st.

(1) (a) $\Gamma \uparrow \alpha+1 = \Psi \uparrow \alpha+1$.

(b) $\hat{u}(\alpha) = \alpha^*$.

[even more notable: $\Gamma = \langle \hat{u}, \hat{v}, \dots \rangle$.]

(c) the following diagram commutes:



$t_{\alpha}^{1'} \uparrow eh(E_{\alpha}^{S'}) + 1 = \text{last}$
 t' -embedding $\uparrow eh t_{\alpha}^{S'} + 1$

$t_{\alpha}^{1'}(F) = t_j^{1'}(F) = F^*$

$\hat{\Gamma}_{\alpha(\beta), \beta^*} \circ t_{\beta}^0(\lambda(E_{\beta}^S)) \geq \hat{\Gamma}_{\alpha(\beta), \beta^*} \circ t_{\beta}^0(\lambda(E_{\beta}^{S'}))$
version $(\lambda(E_{\beta}^{S'}) = \lambda(E_{\beta^*}^I))$

$\Gamma \Gamma_{\alpha+2}$

$\Gamma \Gamma_{\alpha+1} = \Psi \Gamma_{\alpha+1}$

$\hat{u}(\alpha) = \alpha^*$

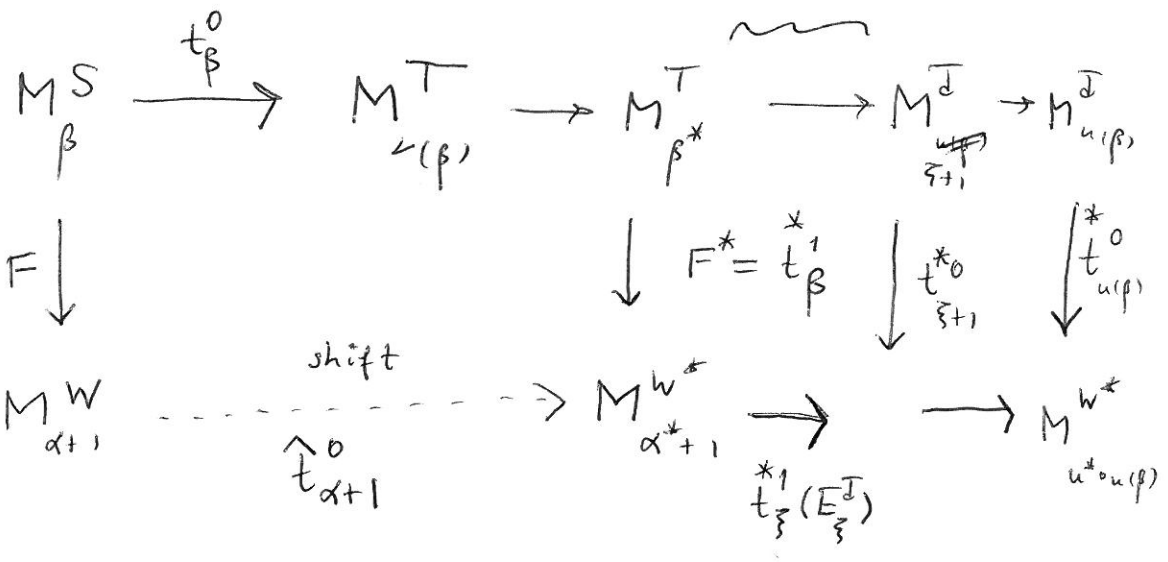
$\hat{t}_\alpha^1 = \hat{w}_{\hat{u}(\alpha)}^* \circ t_\alpha^*$

$M_\alpha^W \xrightarrow{\hat{t}_\alpha^1} M_{\alpha^*}^{W^*}$
 $F \mapsto F^*$

$\hat{t}_{\alpha+1}^0 : M_{\alpha+1}^W \rightarrow M_{\alpha^*+1}^{W^*}$

$cnts > cnt(F^*)$

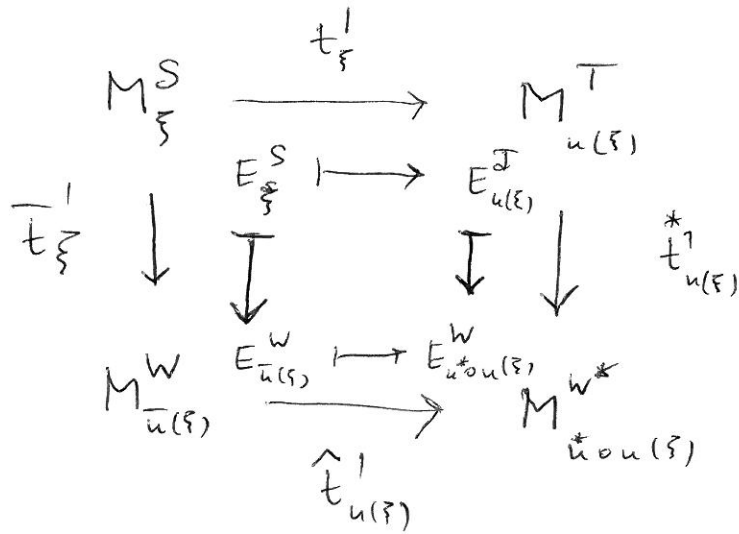
$\hat{t}_\beta^1 = \hat{t}_\beta^S$



$\bar{u}(\xi) = \begin{cases} \xi, & \xi < \beta \\ \alpha+1+(\xi-\beta), & \xi \geq \beta \end{cases}$

$\bar{u}: [\beta, \ell(S)] \xrightarrow{onto} [\alpha+1, \ell(W)]$

$t_{\bar{u}(\xi)}^0, t_{\bar{u}(\xi)}^1$



$\eta = S\text{-pred}(\xi+1)$

$\eta^+ = T\text{-pred}(u(\xi)+1)$

$\bar{\eta} = W\text{-pred}(\bar{u}(\xi+1))$

$\tilde{\eta} = W^*\text{-pred}(\hat{u}(\xi)+1)$

