

Erratum: Embeddings from the point of view of immersion theory: Part I

Abstract This repairs an error in the proof of thm 5.2.

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It was pointed out to me recently by Victor Tourtchine (a.k.a. Turchin) that the second half of the proof of theorem 5.2 in [1] is faulty. The theorem does not occupy a central position in [1], but it does make an illuminating connection between functor calculus and sheaf theory. It is restated below, after some definitions. A revised proof follows the statement. I am indebted to Victor Tourtchine for help.

Let M be a smooth manifold without boundary, \mathcal{O} the poset of open subsets of M , and \mathcal{J}_k for $k \geq 1$ the Grothendieck topology on \mathcal{O} in which a collection $\{V_i \rightarrow W\}$ of inclusions in \mathcal{O} is a covering of W if $\bigcup_i V_i^k = W^k$. See [1] for *homotopy sheaf* with respect to \mathcal{J}_k (§0), *good cofunctor* from \mathcal{O} to Spaces (§1), *polynomial cofunctor of degree $\leq k$* (§2), and the sub-poset $\mathcal{O}k$ of \mathcal{O} (§3).

Theorem 5.2 A good cofunctor F from \mathcal{O} to Spaces is polynomial of degree $\leq k$ if and only if it is a homotopy sheaf with respect to the Grothendieck topology \mathcal{J}_k .

The first half of the proof (homotopy sheaf \Rightarrow polynomial) given in [1] appears to be correct. In the second half of the proof, for $k > 1$, the choice of open covering ε is ill-considered, with the consequence that lemma 4.2 is not applicable despite being invoked.

For a better second half, fix W in \mathcal{O} and a covering $\{V_i \mid i \in S\}$ of W in the \mathcal{J}_k sense. Assume that F is polynomial of degree $\leq k$. The goal is to show that the canonical map

$$F(W) \longrightarrow \operatorname{holim}_R F\left(\bigcap_{i \in R} V_i\right) \quad (1)$$

is a homotopy equivalence, where R runs through the nonempty finite subsets of S . Choose an exhaustion of W by open subsets

$$W_1 \subset W_2 \subset W_3 \subset \dots$$

such that W_j has compact closure in W_{j+1} , for all $j \geq 1$. Since F is a good cofunctor, we may replace (1) by

$$\operatorname{holim}_j F(W_j) \longrightarrow \operatorname{holim}_R \operatorname{holim}_j F\left(\bigcap_{i \in R} (V_i \cap W_j)\right). \quad (2)$$

In the target, we may interchange the order in which the homotopy inverse limits are formed (Fubini for homotopy limits). Then the homotopy invariance properties of homotopy inverse limits (here over the variable j) come to our aid, and it only remains to show that

$$F(W_j) \longrightarrow \operatorname{holim}_R F\left(\bigcap_{i \in R} (V_i \cap W_j)\right) \quad (3)$$

is a homotopy equivalence for fixed j . As j is fixed, we write $W' := W_j$ and $V'_i := V_i \cap W_j$, so that $\{V'_i \mid i \in S\}$ is a covering of W' in the \mathcal{J}_k sense.

Because W' has compact closure in W , there exists a finite subset S' of S such that $\{V'_i \mid i \in S'\}$ is still a covering of W' in the \mathcal{J}_k sense. Even better: for each $i \in S'$ we can choose V''_i open in W' such that the closure of V''_i is contained in V'_i and $\{V''_i \mid i \in S'\}$ is still a covering of W' in the \mathcal{J}_k sense.

Now let ε (re-defined) be an open covering of W' , in the familiar \mathcal{J}_1 sense, such that every open set of ε which has nonempty intersection with some V''_i for $i \in S'$ is contained in V'_i for the same i . Let U be an object of $\mathcal{O}k$ which is ε -small (every connected component of U is contained in some open set of ε) and such that $U \subset W'$. Then U is contained in V'_i for some $i \in S'$. (Choose a finite $X \subset U$ such that every component of U contains exactly one element of X . Then $X \subset V''_i$ for some $i \in S'$ and so $U \subset V'_i$ for the same i .)

Let E be the restriction of F to $\mathcal{O}k$. Define $\varepsilon E^!$ as in §3 of [1] just before 3.9, where ε is the covering of W' just constructed. Up to equivalence, F and $\varepsilon E^!$ are the same. By lemma 4.2 of [1], whose applicability has just been verified, the canonical map

$$\varepsilon E^!(W) \longrightarrow \operatorname{holim}_R \varepsilon E^!\left(\bigcap_{i \in R} V_i\right)$$

is a homotopy equivalence. Here again, R runs through the finite nonempty subsets R of S . □

References

- [1] M. Weiss, *Embeddings from the point of view of immersion theory: I*, Geometry and Topology **3** (1999), 67–101.